

受験番号	プログラム名	教育学（国際教育） 修士プログラム
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外国語（英語）

2枚のうち 1枚目

I. Read the following text and answer the following three questions in your own words in English (no more than 50 words for each question).

How classrooms are changing today

In traditional classrooms the teacher stands at the front of the class and directs the students. The teacher is the source of knowledge. The students are passive and listen to the teacher and follow instructions. They must learn the knowledge from the teacher. They sit in rows of desks and face the teacher. The teacher does most of the talking. The students sometimes are asked questions and put up their hands to show they have an answer to offer. Usually the answer is right or wrong. This kind of question is called a closed question. Often there is a single text book that everyone in the class follows. The students do not talk to each other. Quite often the students will wear a uniform. Actually, promoting uniformity is an important aim of this kind of education.

But knowledge is changing because of IT and globalization. The teacher cannot know everything any longer and so students have to learn to inquire independently. In inquiry classrooms students must learn to ask open questions where there may be many interpretations of what is correct. This is very different to uniformity. It means students must use many resources and share their results with each other. Instead of just listening to the teacher they must discuss with each other in small groups. This means communication skills become very important. Students must learn to give their views, explain the results of their inquiry, ask questions to other students and sometimes disagree. The teacher is more of a facilitator or guide and helps students to focus their research and thinking.

The library is a very important resource for inquiry learning. It can sometimes be a noisy place as students, librarians, and teachers work out what resources are best for certain projects. In an inquiry classroom, the librarian is very important as a source of information about books but also about IT.

1. How are inquiry classrooms different to traditional classrooms?
2. What communication skills do students need so that they can work effectively in small groups?
3. What is the role of the librarian in an inquiry classroom model of learning?

II. Look at the following two images and explain what does each picture suggest about the way we think about knowledge and learning and how they are different? Think about your own past learning experiences. Write about how they relate to the two images here and the different ways of learning in English (approximately 300 words).

(著作権法に基づき削除)

Source: [Left] Chemical Brain Drain “Brain drain science”,

(<http://braindrain.dk/2013/08/brain-drain-science/>)

[Right] France Surgery “ ‘Brain Training’ Good for Older People, says Study”,

(<https://france-surgery.com/en/news--brain-training-good-for-older-people-says-study-401.php>)